## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

### CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) February 6, 2024

## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. THE HERTZ CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-37665 001-07541 (Commission File Number) 61-1770902 13-1938568

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8501 Williams Road Estero, Florida 33928 239 301-7000

(Address, including Zip Code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Not Applicable Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8	3-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligati	ion of the registra	ant under any of the following provisions:
☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule	e 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)		
☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-	12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)		
☐ Pre-commencement communications pu	rsuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240	).14d-2(b))	
☐ Pre-commencement communications pur	rsuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.	.13e-4(c))	
	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	:	
_	Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on which Registered
Hertz Global Holdings, Inc.	Common Stock par value \$0.01 per share	HTZ	Nasdaq Global Select
Hertz Global Holdings, Inc.	Warrants to purchase Common Stock	HTZWW	Nasdaq Global Select
The Hertz Corporation	None	None	None
Emerging growth company   If an emerging growth company, indicate by claccounting standards provided pursuant to Se	heck mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended cotion 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □	d transition period	d for complying with any new or revised financial

### ITEM 2.02 RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

On February 6, 2024, Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. ("Hertz" or the "Company") issued a press release announcing the Company's fourth quarter and full year 2023 financial results. A copy of the press release is attached as exhibit 99.1 hereto.

### ITEM 9.01 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit 99.1 - Press Release of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and The Hertz Corporation dated February 6, 2024

Exhibit 104.1 - Cover Page Interactive Data File (Embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

Exhibit 99.1 shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. THE HERTZ CORPORATION (Registrants)

By: /s/ ALEXANDRA BROOKS

Name: Alexandra Brooks

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 6, 2024

### HERTZ REPORTS FOURTH QUARTER AND FULL YEAR 2023 RESULTS

"Our business benefitted from solid demand and a stable rate environment in the fourth quarter," said Stephen Scherr, Hertz chair and chief executive officer. "Nevertheless, we continued to face headwinds related to our electric vehicle fleet and other costs throughout the quarter. We have taken steps to address those challenges and heading into 2024, we are confident that our planned reduction in EVs and cost base, along with the ongoing execution of our enhanced profitability plan, will enable us to regain our operational cadence and improve our financial performance with increasing effect into 2025."

ESTERO, Fla, February 6, 2024 - Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. (NASDAQ: HTZ) ("Hertz", "Hertz Global" or the "Company") today reported results for its fourth quarter and full year 2023.

### **OVERVIEW**

#### Q4 2023

- · Revenue of \$2.2 billion
- GAAP net loss of \$348 million, a negative 16% margin, or \$1.14 loss per diluted share
- Adjusted net loss of \$418 million, or \$1.36 loss per diluted share
- Adjusted Corporate EBITDA of negative \$382 million, a negative 17% margin, including recognition of \$245 million of net depreciation expense
  related to the previously announced sale of electric vehicles ("EV")
- · GAAP operating cash flow of \$564 million
- Adjusted operating cash outflow of \$366 million and adjusted free cash outflow of \$128 million

#### FY 2023

- · Revenue of \$9.4 billion
- GAAP net income of \$616 million, a 7% margin, or \$1.39 per diluted share
- · Adjusted net income of \$172 million, or \$0.53 per diluted share
- Adjusted Corporate EBITDA of \$561 million, a 6% margin, including recognition of \$245 million of net depreciation expense related to the
  previously announced sale of EVs
- · GAAP operating cash flow of \$2.5 billion
- · Adjusted operating cash flow of \$44 million and adjusted free cash outflow of \$321 million
- · Corporate liquidity of \$2.0 billion at December 31st, including \$764 million in unrestricted cash
- · Company repurchased 19.4 million shares of common stock for \$291 million

### **FOURTH QUARTER RESULTS**

Fourth quarter 2023 revenue was \$2.2 billion, up 7% from the fourth quarter of 2022 driven by increased volume across leisure, corporate and rideshare customer channels. Strong fourth quarter 2023 RPD of \$58.09 reflected continued price discipline and a moderating trend relative to prior quarterly comparisons. The Company prioritized rate over utilization, purposely forgoing lower margin business.

Depreciation per unit per month of \$498 reflected the impact of the write down of EVs held for sale to their fair value and a decline in residual values, as well as a modestly higher than expected fleet.

Fleet interest expense increased to \$91 per unit per month in the fourth quarter, up from \$55 per unit per month in Q4 of 2022. The increase year over year was largely a reflection of the rising interest rate environment.

Direct operating expense on a per transaction day basis, exclusive of litigation settlements in the fourth quarter of 2022, increased year over year, largely due to elevated net collision and damage expenses.

Adjusted Corporate EBITDA was negative \$382 million in the quarter, a negative 17% margin, which includes \$245 million of incremental net depreciation expense related to the EVs held for sale.

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### **SUMMARY RESULTS**

		Three Mo			Percent Inc/(Dec)
(\$ in millions, except earnings per share or where noted)		2023		2022	2023 vs 2022
Hertz Global - Consolidated					
Total revenues	\$	2,184	\$	2,035	7 %
Net income (loss)	\$	(348)	\$	116	NM
Net income (loss) margin		(16)%		6 %	
Adjusted net income (loss) <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	(418)	\$	173	NM
Adjusted diluted earnings (loss) per share <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	(1.36)	\$	0.50	NM
Adjusted Corporate EBITDA <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	(382)	\$	309	NM
Adjusted Corporate EBITDA Margin <sup>(a)</sup>		(17)%		15 %	
		,			
Average Vehicles (in whole units)		553,545		496,926	11 %
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)		527,267		465,943	13 %
Vehicle Utilization		78 %		79 %	10 70
Transaction Days (in thousands)		37,602		33,673	12 %
Total RPD (in dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	58.09	\$	60.82	(4)%
Total RPU Per Month (in whole dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	1,381	\$	1.485	(7)%
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month (in whole dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	498	\$	242	NM
	<u> </u>		Ť		
Americas RAC Segment					
Total revenues	\$	1,805	\$	1,707	6 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(309)	\$	318	NM
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	Ψ	(17)%		19 %	1400
rajuotou EBT B7 (margin		(17)70		10 70	
Average Vehicles (in whole units)		446,573		398,860	12 %
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)		422,155		370,723	14 %
Vehicle Utilization		79 %		80 %	14 70
Transaction Days (in thousands)		30,589		27,367	12 %
Total RPD (in dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	59.01	\$	62.38	(5)%
Total RPU Per Month (in whole dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	1,425	\$	1,535	(7)%
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month (in whole dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ \$	552	\$	278	99 %
Depresident Fer Stiff of Money (in whole defines)	Ψ	002	Ψ	210	33 70
International RAC Segment					
Total revenues	\$	379	\$	328	15 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	44	\$	81	(46)%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	Ψ	12 %	т .	25 %	(40)/0
Adjusted EDITEA Margin		12 /0		25 /0	
Average Vehicles (in whole units)		106,972		98,065	9 %
Average Vehicles (in whole units)  Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)		105,972		95,221	10 %
Vehicle Utilization		73 %		72 %	10 /0
Transaction Days (in thousands)		7,013		6,305	11 %
Total RPD (in dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	54.06	\$	54.02	— %
Total RPU Per Month (in whole dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>		1.202	\$	1.280	(6)%
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month (in whole dollars) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ \$	271	\$	97	(6)% NM
Depreciation Fer Onlice infonting (in whole dollars)	Ф	211	φ	91	INIVI

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents a non-GAAP measure. See the accompanying reconciliations included in Supplemental Schedule II for 2023 and 2022.

<sup>(</sup>b) Based on December 31, 2022 foreign exchange rates.

### **EARNINGS WEBCAST INFORMATION**

Hertz Global's live webcast and conference call to discuss its fourth quarter and full year 2023 results will be held on February 6, 2024, at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time. The conference call will be broadcast live in listen-only mode on the Company's investor relations website at IR.Hertz.com. If you would like to access the call by phone and ask a question, please go to https://register.vevent.com/register/BI57914e10506d4929890ab9400e6c2d1e, and you will be provided with dial in details. Investors are encouraged to dial-in approximately 15 minutes prior to the call. A web replay will remain available on the website for approximately one year. The earnings release and related supplemental schedules containing the reconciliations of non-GAAP measures will be available on the Hertz website, IR.Hertz.com.

### UNAUDITED FINANCIAL DATA, SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES, NON-GAAP MEASURES AND DEFINITIONS

In this earnings release, we include select unaudited financial data of Hertz Global, Supplemental Schedules, which are provided to present segment results, and reconciliations of non-GAAP measures to their most comparable GAAP measures. Following the Supplemental Schedules, the Company provides definitions for terminology used throughout the earnings release and its rationale on the importance and usefulness of non-GAAP measures for investors and management.

### **ABOUT HERTZ**

The Hertz Corporation, a subsidiary of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc., operates the Hertz, Dollar and Thrifty vehicle rental brands throughout North America, Europe, the Caribbean, Latin America, Africa, the Middle East, Asia, Australia and New Zealand. The Hertz Corporation is one of the largest worldwide vehicle rental companies, and the Hertz brand is one of the most recognized globally. Additionally, The Hertz Corporation owns and operates the Firefly vehicle rental brand and Hertz 24/7 car sharing business in international markets and sells vehicles through Hertz Car Sales. For more information about The Hertz Corporation, visit www.hertz.com.

### **CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements contained or incorporated by reference in this release, and in related comments by the Company's management, include "forward-looking statements." Forward-looking statements are identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "project," "potential," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "estimate," "seek," "will," "may," "would," "should," "could," "forecasts," "guidance" or similar expressions, and include information concerning our liquidity, our results of operations, our business strategies, the business environment and other information. These forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions that the Company has made in light of its experience in the industry as well as its perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors. The Company believes these judgments are reasonable, but you should understand that these forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance or results, and that the Company's actual results could differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of important factors, both positive and negative, that may be revised or supplemented in subsequent reports, such as Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K filed or furnished to the SEC.

Important factors that could affect the Company's actual results and cause them to differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements include, among other things:

- mix of program and non-program vehicles in the Company's fleet, which can lead to increased exposure to residual value risk upon disposition;
- the potential for declines, including sudden or unexpected declines, in the residual values associated with non-program vehicles in the Company's fleet;

- the Company's ability to purchase adequate supplies of competitively priced vehicles at a reasonable cost in order to efficiently service rental demand, including upon any disruptions in the global supply chain;
- the age of the Company's fleet, and its impact on vehicle carrying costs, customer service scores, as well as on the Company's ability to sell vehicles at acceptable prices and times;
- whether a manufacturer of the Company's program vehicle fulfills its repurchase obligations;
- the frequency or extent of manufacturer safety recalls;
- levels of travel demand, particularly business and leisure travel in the U.S. and in global markets;
- seasonality and other occurrences that disrupt rental activity during the Company's peak periods, including in critical geographies;
- the Company's ability to accurately estimate future levels of rental activity and adjust the number, location and mix of vehicles used in the Company's rental operations accordingly;
- the Company's ability to implement the Company's business strategy or strategic transactions, including the Company's ability to implement plans to support a large-scale electric vehicle fleet and to play a central role in the modern mobility ecosystem;
- the Company's ability to adequately respond to changes in technology impacting the mobility industry;
- significant changes in the competitive environment and the effect of competition in the Company's markets on rental volume and pricing;
- · the Company's reliance on third-party distribution channels and related prices, commission structures and transaction volumes;
- the Company's ability to offer services for a favorable customer experience, and to retain and develop customer loyalty and market share;
- the Company's ability to maintain the Company's network of leases and vehicle rental concessions at airports and other key locations in the U.S. and internationally;
- the Company's ability to maintain favorable brand recognition and a coordinated branding and portfolio strategy;
- the Company's ability to attract and retain effective frontline employees, senior management and other key employees;
- the Company's ability to effectively manage the Company's union relations and labor agreement negotiations;
- the Company's ability to manage and respond to cybersecurity threats and cyber attacks on the Company's information technology systems, or those of the Company's third-party providers;
- the Company's ability, and that of the Company's key third-party partners, to prevent the misuse or theft of information the Company possess, including as a result of cyber attacks and other security threats;
- the Company's ability to maintain, upgrade and consolidate the Company's information technology systems;
- the Company's ability to comply with current and future laws and regulations in the U.S. and internationally regarding data protection, data security and privacy risks;
- risks associated with operating in many different countries, including the risk of a violation or alleged violation of applicable anti-corruption
  or anti-bribery laws and the Company's ability to repatriate cash from non-U.S. affiliates without adverse tax consequences;
- risks relating to tax laws, including those that affect the Company's ability to recapture accelerated tax depreciation and expensing, as well as any adverse determinations or rulings by tax authorities;
- the Company's ability to utilize our net operating loss carryforwards;

- the Company's exposure to uninsured liabilities relating to personal injury, death and property damage, or otherwise, including material litigation;
- the potential for adverse changes in laws, regulations, policies or other activities of governments, agencies and similar organizations, including those related to environmental matters, optional insurance products or policies, franchising and licensing matters, the ability to pass-through rental car related expenses, or taxes, among others, that affect the Company's operations, the Company's costs or applicable tax rates;
- the Company's ability to recover the Company's goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets when performing impairment analysis;
- the potential for changes in management's best estimates and assessments;
- the Company's ability to maintain an effective compliance program;
- · the availability of earnings and funds from the Company's subsidiaries;
- the Company's ability to comply, and the cost and burden of complying, with ESG regulations or expectations of stakeholders, and otherwise achieve the Company's ESG goals;
- the availability of additional or continued sources of financing at acceptable rates for the Company's revenue earning vehicles and to refinance the Company's existing indebtedness;
- the extent to which the Company's consolidated assets secure the Company's outstanding indebtedness;
- volatility in the Company's share price, the Company's ownership structure and certain provisions of the Company's charter documents could negatively affect the market price of our common stock;
- the Company's ability to implement an effective business continuity plan to protect the business in exigent circumstances;
- · the Company's ability to effectively maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting; and
- · the Company's ability to execute strategic transactions.

Additional information concerning these and other factors can be found in the Company's filings with the SEC, including its Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K.

You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing cautionary statements. All such statements speak only as of the date of this release, and, except as required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

CONTACTS:

Hertz Investor Relations:

Hertz Media Relations:

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### **UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		nths Ended nber 31,	Twelve Months Er	nded December 31,
(In millions, except per share data)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues	\$ 2,184	\$ 2,035	\$ 9,371	\$ 8,685
Expenses:	·			
Direct vehicle and operating	1,388	1,274	5,455	4,808
Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges, net	828	360	2,039	701
Depreciation and amortization of non-vehicle assets	49	37	149	142
Selling, general and administrative	247	221	962	959
Interest expense, net:				
Vehicle	150	82	555	159
Non-vehicle	68	46	238	169
Total interest expense, net	218	128	793	328
Other (income) expense, net	_	8	12	2
(Gain) on sale of non-vehicle capital assets	_	_	(162)	_
Change in fair value of Public Warrants	(53)	(120)	(163)	(704)
Total expenses	2,677	1,908	9,085	6,236
Income (loss) before income taxes	(493)	127	286	2,449
Income tax (provision) benefit	145	(11)	330	(390)
Net income (loss)	\$ (348)	\$ 116	\$ 616	\$ 2,059
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:	·			
Basic	306	332	313	379
Diluted	306	347	326	403
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	\$ (1.14)	\$ 0.35	\$ 1.97	\$ 5.43
Diluted	\$ (1.14)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 1.39	\$ 3.36

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except par value and share data)	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Decemb	er 31, 2022
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	764	\$	943
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:				
Vehicle		152		180
Non-vehicle		290		295
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents		442		475
Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,206		1,418
Receivables:				
Vehicle		211		111
Non-vehicle, net of allowance of \$47 and \$45, respectively		980		863
Total receivables, net		1,191		974
Prepaid expenses and other assets		726		1,155
Revenue earning vehicles:				
Vehicles		16,806		14,281
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,155)		(1,786)
Total revenue earning vehicles, net		14,651		12,495
Property and equipment, net		671		637
Operating lease right-of-use assets		2,253		1,887
Intangible assets, net		2,863		2,887
Goodwill		1,044		1,044
Total assets	\$	24,605	\$	22,497
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Accounts payable:				
Vehicle	\$	191	\$	79
Non-vehicle		510		578
Total accounts payable		701		657
Accrued liabilities		860		911
Accrued taxes, net		157		170
Debt:				
Vehicle		12,242		10,886
Non-vehicle		3,449		2,977
Total debt		15,691		13,863
Public Warrants	_	453		617
Operating lease liabilities		2,142		1,802
Self-insured liabilities		471		472
Deferred income taxes, net		1,038		1,360
Total liabilities		21,513		19,852
Commitments and contingencies	_	21,010		.0,002
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, no shares issued and outstanding		_		_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 479,990,286 and 478,914,062 shares issued, respectively, and 305,178,242 and 323,483,178 shares outstanding, respectively		5		5
Treasury stock, at cost, 174,812,044 and 155,430,884 common shares, respectively		(3,430)		(3,136)
Additional paid-in capital		6,405		6,326
Retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)		360		(256)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(248)		(294)
Total stockholders' equity		3,092		2,645
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	24,605	\$	22,497
Total nubinition and stockholders equity		,	<u> </u>	, .01

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months Er	nded December 31,	Twelve Months Er	nded December 31,
(In millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$ (348)	\$ 116	\$ 616	\$ 2,059
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and reserves for revenue earning vehicles, net	932	298	2,422	809
Depreciation and amortization, non-vehicle	49	37	149	142
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount (premium)	17	15	61	53
Stock-based compensation charges	22	34	87	130
Provision for receivables allowance	26	15	93	57
Deferred income taxes, net	(144)	_	(380)	301
(Gain) loss on sale of non-vehicle capital assets	3	_	(162)	(5)
Change in fair value of Public Warrants	(53)	(120)	(163)	(704)
Changes in financial instruments	10	9	117	(111)
Other	(4)	8	5	11
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Non-vehicle receivables	167	(30)	(216)	(264)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	56	(46)	(39)	(126)
Operating lease right-of-use assets	112	78	365	280
Non-vehicle accounts payable	(75)	50	(48)	43
Accrued liabilities	(42)	(103)	(39)	80
Accrued taxes, net	(42)	21	3	73
Operating lease liabilities	(116)	(86)	(391)	(309)
Self-insured liabilities	(6)	(19)	(6)	19
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	564	277	2,474	2,538
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Revenue earning vehicles expenditures	(1,202)	(2,743)	(9,514)	(10,596)
Proceeds from disposal of revenue earning vehicles	1,320	2,028	5,498	6,498
Non-vehicle capital asset expenditures	(37)	(46)	(188)	(150)
Proceeds from non-vehicle capital assets disposed of	3	2	181	12
Collateral returned in exchange for letters of credit	_	_	_	19
Return of (investment in) equity investments	_	(1)	(1)	(16
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	84	(760)	(4,024)	(4,233)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of vehicle debt	302	1,390	6,043	9,672
Repayments of vehicle debt	(1,098)	(685)	(4,837)	(6,639)
Proceeds from issuance of non-vehicle debt	840		2,490	_
Repayments of non-vehicle debt	(505)	(6)	(2,018)	(20)
Payment of financing costs	(10)	(6)	(41)	(48)
Proceeds from exercises of Public Warrants		_		3
Share repurchases	(43)	(309)	(315)	(2,461)
Other	(6)	(16)	(9)	(20)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(520)	368	1,313	487
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents	22	25	25	(25)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents during the period	e 150	(90)	(212)	(1,233
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,056	1,508	1,418	2,651
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,206	\$ 1,418	\$ 1,206	\$ 1,418

## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT Unaudited

		Three	Month	s Ended	December 3	1, 2	023		Three	Mon	ths Ended	December 31	, 2022	2
(In millions)			mericas RAC	International RAC		Corporate		Hertz Blobal						
Revenues	\$	1,805	\$	379	\$ —	. \$	2,184	\$	1,707	\$	328	\$ —	\$	2,035
Expenses:														
Direct vehicle and operating		1,163		229	(4	)	1,388		1,098		174	2		1,274
Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges, net		740		88	_		828		333		27	_		360
Depreciation and amortization of non-vehicle assets		43		3	3		49		29		3	5		37
Selling, general and administrative		134		105	8		247		81		38	102		221
Interest expense, net:														
Vehicle		118		32	_		150		72		10	_		82
Non-vehicle		4		(3)	67		68		(36)		(1)	83		46
Total interest expense, net		122		29	67		218		36		9	83		128
Other (income) expense, net		2		1	(3	)			(3)		6	5		8
Change in fair value of Public Warrants		_		_	(53	)	(53)		_		_	(120)		(120)
Total expenses		2,204		455	18		2,677		1,574		257	77		1,908
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	(399)	\$	(76)	\$ (18	)	(493)	\$	133	\$	71	\$ (77)		127
Income tax (provision) benefit						_	145							(11)
Net income (loss)						\$	(348)						\$	116

## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT Unaudited

	_	Twelv	е Мо	nths Ended	Dec	ember 31	I, 20	23		Twelv	е Мс	onths Ended	Decemb	oer 31	, 2022	2
<u>(In millions)</u>	A	mericas RAC	Int	ernational RAC	Co	rporate		Hertz Global	Ar	mericas RAC	In	ternational RAC	Corpo	rate		lertz ilobal
Revenues	\$	7,722	\$	1,649	\$		\$	9,371	\$	7,280	\$	1,405	\$	_	\$	8,685
Expenses:																
Direct vehicle and operating		4,582		880		(7)		5,455		4,080		728		_		4,808
Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges, net		1,775		264		_		2,039		553		148		_		701
Depreciation and amortization of non-vehicle assets		125		11		13		149		114		13		15		142
Selling, general and administrative		501		227		234		962		351		180		428		959
Interest expense, net:																
Vehicle		456		99		_		555		140		19		_		159
Non-vehicle		(22)		(10)		270		238		(80)		_		249		169
Total interest expense, net		434		89		270		793		60		19		249		328
Other (income) expense, net		2		3		7		12		(6)		3	-	5		2
(Gain) on sale of non-vehicle capital assets		(162)		_		_		(162)		_		_		_		_
Change in fair value of Public Warrants		_		_		(163)		(163)		_		_	(	704)		(704)
Total expenses		7,257		1,474		354		9,085		5,152		1,091		(7)		6,236
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	465	\$	175	\$	(354)		286	\$	2,128	\$	314	\$	7		2,449
Income tax (provision) benefit		·						330								(390
Net income (loss)							\$	616							\$	2,059

### HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.

### RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP MEASURE - ADJUSTED NET INCOME (LOSS), ADJUSTED DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE AND ADJUSTED CORPORATE EBITDA

### Unaudited

	Three Mor Decen	nths Er nber 31		Twelve Mo Decer	onths mber 3	
(In millions, except per share data)	2023		2022	 2023		2022
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share:						
Net income (loss) <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ (348)	\$	116	\$ 616	\$	2,059
Adjustments:						
Income tax provision (benefit)	(145)		11	(330)		390
Vehicle and non-vehicle debt-related charges <sup>(b)(l)</sup>	17		14	62		53
Restructuring and restructuring related charges <sup>(c)</sup>	7		16	17		45
Acquisition accounting-related depreciation and amortization <sup>(d)</sup>	1		1	2		3
Unrealized (gains) losses on financial instruments <sup>(e)</sup>	10		9	117		(111)
(Gain) on sale of non-vehicle capital assets <sup>(f)</sup>	_		_	(162)		_
Change in fair value of Public Warrants	(53)		(120)	(163)		(704)
Litigation settlements <sup>(o)</sup>	_		168	_		168
Other items <sup>(g)(m)</sup>	19		16	43		105
Adjusted pre-tax income (loss) <sup>(h)</sup>	(492)		231	202		2,008
Income tax (provision) benefit on adjusted pre-tax income (loss)(i)	74		(58)	 (30)		(502)
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	\$ (418)	\$	173	\$ 172	\$	1,506
Weighted-average number of diluted shares outstanding	306		347	326		403
Adjusted Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share <sup>(j)</sup>	\$ (1.36)	\$	0.50	\$ 0.53	\$	3.74
Adjusted Corporate EBITDA:	, ,					
Net income (loss)	\$ (348)	\$	116	\$ 616	\$	2,059
Adjustments:						
Income tax provision (benefit)	(145)		11	(330)		390
Non-vehicle depreciation and amortization <sup>(k)</sup>	49		37	149		142
Non-vehicle debt interest, net of interest income	68		46	238		169
Vehicle debt-related charges <sup>(b)(l)</sup>	11		10	42		35
Restructuring and restructuring related charges <sup>(c)</sup>	7		16	17		45
Unrealized (gains) losses on financial instruments <sup>(e)</sup>	10		9	117		(111)
(Gain) on sale of non-vehicle capital assets <sup>(f)</sup>	_		_	(162)		_
Change in fair value of Public Warrants	(53)		(120)	(163)		(704)
Litigation settlements <sup>(o)</sup>	_		168	_		168
Other items <sup>(g)(n)</sup>	19		16	37		112
Adjusted Corporate EBITDA	\$ (382)	\$	309	\$ 561	\$	2,305
Adjusted Corporate EBITDA margin	 (17)%		15 %	6 %		27 %

<sup>(</sup>a) Net income (loss) margin for the three months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was (16)% and 6%, respectively, and for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was 7% and 24%, respectively.

<sup>(</sup>b) Represents debt-related charges relating to the amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts and premiums.

- (c) Represents charges incurred under restructuring actions as defined in U.S. GAAP. Also includes restructuring related charges such as incremental costs incurred directly supporting business transformation initiatives. Charges incurred in International RAC, Americas RAC and Corporate for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 were \$9 million, \$5 million and \$3 million, respectively. For 2022, charges incurred related primarily to International RAC.
- (d) Represents incremental expense associated with the amortization of other intangible assets and depreciation of property and equipment relating to acquisition accounting.
- (e) Represents unrealized gains (losses) on derivative financial instruments, primarily associated with Americas RAC. In the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, also includes the realization of \$88 million of previously unrealized gains resulting from the unwind of certain interest rate caps in Americas RAC during the first quarter of 2023.
- (f) Represents gain on the sale of certain non-vehicle capital assets sold in March 2023 in Americas RAC.
- (g) Represents miscellaneous items. For 2023, primarily includes certain IT-related costs primarily in Corporate, charges for certain storm-related vehicle damages in Americas RAC and certain professional fees and charges related to the settlement of bankruptcy claims, partially offset by a loss recovery settlement in Americas RAC. For 2022, primarily includes bankruptcy claims, certain professional fees and charges related to the settlement of bankruptcy claims.
- (h) Adjustments by caption on a pre-tax basis were as follows:

Increase (decrease) to expenses	Three Mon Decem		Twelve Mor Decem	
(In millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Direct vehicle and operating	\$ (6)	\$ (178)	\$ (6)	\$ (232)
Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges, net	_	_	5	_
Selling, general and administrative	(13)	(17)	(38)	(79)
Interest expense, net:				
Vehicle	(24)	(16)	(163)	76
Non-vehicle	(9)	(8)	(34)	(28)
Total interest expense, net	(33)	(24)	(197)	48
Other income (expense), net	(2)	(5)	(5)	_
Gain on sale non-vehicle capital assets	_	_	162	
Change in fair value of Public Warrants	53	120	163	704
Total adjustments	\$ (1)	\$ (104)	\$ 84	\$ 441

- (i) Derived utilizing a combined statutory rate of 15% and 25% for the periods ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, applied to the respective Adjusted Pre-tax Income (Loss). The decrease in rate is primarily resulting from EV-related tax credits anticipated to be used to decrease the Company's U.S. federal tax provision throughout 2023 based on the Company's purchases of electric vehicles.
- (j) Adjustments used to reconcile diluted earnings (loss) per share on a GAAP basis to Adjusted Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share are comprised of the same adjustments, inclusive of the tax impact, used to reconcile net income (loss) to Adjusted Net Income (Loss) divided by the weighted-average diluted shares outstanding during the period.
- (k) Non-vehicle depreciation and amortization expense for Americas RAC, International RAC and Corporate for the three months ended December 31, 2023 was \$43 million, \$3 million, respectively. For the three months ended December 31, 2022 was \$29 million, \$5 million and \$3 million for Americas RAC, Corporate and International RAC, respectively. Non-vehicle depreciation and amortization for Americas RAC, International RAC and Corporate for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 was \$125 million, \$13 million, and \$11 million, respectively. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2022 was \$114 million, \$15 million and \$13 million for Americas RAC, Corporate and International RAC, respectively.
- (I) Vehicle debt-related charges for Americas RAC and International RAC for the three months ended December 31, 2023 were \$10 million and \$2 million, respectively. For the three months ended December 31, 2022 vehicle debt-related charges for Americas RAC and International RAC were \$8 million and \$2 million, respectively. Vehicle debt-related charges for Americas RAC and International RAC for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 were \$36 million and \$7 million, respectively. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2022 vehicle debt-related charges were \$25 million and \$10 million for Americas RAC and International RAC, respectively.
- (m) Also includes letter of credit fees recorded primarily in Corporate.
- (n) In 2022, also includes an adjustment for certain non-cash stock-based compensation charges recorded in Corporate.
- (o) Represents payments made for the settlement of certain claims related to alleged false arrests in our Americas RAC segment.

### HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.

### RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP MEASURE - ADJUSTED OPERATING CASH FLOW AND ADJUSTED FREE CASH FLOW

### Unaudited

	Three Mor	the F	ndod	Twelve Mo	nthe	Ended
	Decem			Decem		
(In millions)	 2023		2022	2023		2022
ADJUSTED OPERATING CASH FLOW AND ADJUSTED FREE CASH FLOW:				 		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 564	\$	277	\$ 2,474	\$	2,538
Depreciation and reserves for revenue earning vehicles, net	(932)		(298)	(2,422)		(809)
Bankruptcy related payments (post emergence) and other payments <sup>(a)</sup>	 2		177	 (8)		261
Adjusted operating cash flow	(366)		156	44		1,990
Non-vehicle capital asset proceeds (expenditures), net	(34)		(44)	(7)		(138)
Adjusted operating cash flow before vehicle investment	 (400)		112	37		1,852
Net fleet growth after financing	272		312	(358)		(360)
Adjusted free cash flow	\$ (128)	\$	424	\$ (321)	\$	1,492
CALCULATION OF NET FLEET GROWTH AFTER FINANCING:						
Revenue earning vehicles expenditures	\$ (1,202)	\$	(2,743)	\$ (9,514)	\$	(10,596)
Proceeds from disposal of revenue earning vehicles	1,320		2,028	5,498		6,498
Revenue earning vehicles capital expenditures, net	 118		(715)	(4,016)		(4,098)
Depreciation and reserves for revenue earning vehicles, net	932		298	2,422		809
Financing activity related to vehicles:						
Borrowings	302		1,390	6,043		9,672
Payments	(1,098)		(685)	(4,837)		(6,639)
Restricted cash changes, vehicle	18		24	30		(104)
Net financing activity related to vehicles	(778)		729	1,236		2,929
Net fleet growth after financing	\$ 272	\$	312	\$ (358)	\$	(360)

<sup>(</sup>a) In 2022, also includes payments made for the settlement of certain claims related to alleged false arrests in our Americas RAC segment.

## HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. NET DEBT AND NET CORPORATE LEVERAGE CALCULATIONS Unaudited

	А	s of December 31, 20	23	A	s of December 31, 20	22
(In millions)	Vehicle	Non-Vehicle	Total	Vehicle	Non-Vehicle	Total
Term loans	\$ —	\$ 2,013	\$ 2,013	\$ —	\$ 1,526	\$ 1,526
Senior notes	_	1,500	1,500	_	1,500	1,500
U.S. vehicle financing (HVF III)	10,203	_	10,203	9,406	_	9,406
International vehicle financing (Various)	2,001	_	2,001	1,417	_	1,417
Other debt	110	2	112	125	9	134
Debt issue costs, discounts and premiums	(72)	(66)	(138)	(62)	(58)	(120)
Debt as reported in the balance sheet	12,242	3,449	15,691	10,886	2,977	13,863
Add:						
Debt issue costs, discounts and premiums	72	66	138	62	58	120
Less:						
Cash and cash equivalents	_	764	764	_	943	943
Restricted cash	152	_	152	180	_	180
Restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents associated with Term C Loan	_	245	245	_	245	245
Net Debt	\$ 12,162	\$ 2,506	\$ 14,668	\$ 10,768	\$ 1,847	\$ 12,615
LTM Adjusted Corporate EBITDA		561			2,305	
Net Corporate Leverage		4.5x			0.8x	_

# HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. KEY METRICS CALCULATIONS REVENUE, UTILIZATION AND DEPRECIATION Unaudited

### Global RAC

	Three Mor Decen		Percent	Twelve Mo			Percent
(\$ in millions, except where noted)	 2023	2022	Inc/(Dec)	 2023		2022	Inc/(Dec)
Total RPD			,				
Revenues	\$ 2,184	\$ 2,035		\$ 9,371	\$	8,685	
Foreign currency adjustment <sup>(a)</sup>	_	13		(24)		(8)	
Total Revenues - adjusted for foreign currency	\$ 2,184	\$ 2,048		\$ 9,347	\$	8,677	
Transaction Days (in thousands)	37,602	33,673		154,189		136,860	
Total RPD (in dollars)	\$ 58.09	\$ 60.82	(4)%	\$ 60.62	\$	63.40	(4)%
Total Revenue Per Unit Per Month							
Total Revenues - adjusted for foreign currency	\$ 2,184	\$ 2,076		\$ 9,347	\$	8,677	
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)	527,267	465,943		526,659	•	478,798	
Total revenue per unit (in whole dollars)	\$ 4,143	\$ 4,456		\$ 17,748	\$	18,123	
Number of months in period (in whole units)	3	3		12	•	12	
Total RPU Per Month (in whole dollars)	\$ 1,381	\$ 1,485	(7)%	\$ 1,479	\$	1,510	(2)%
Vehicle Utilization							
Transaction Days (in thousands)	37,602	33,673		154,189		136,860	
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)	527,267	465,943		526,659		478,798	
Number of days in period (in whole units)	92	92		365		365	
Available Car Days (in thousands)	48,511	 42,870		192,334		174,826	
Vehicle Utilization <sup>(b)</sup>	78%	79%		80%		78%	
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month							
Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges, net	\$ 828	\$ 360		\$ 2,039	\$	701	
Foreign currency adjustment <sup>(a)</sup>	(1)	1		(4)	•	1	
Adjusted depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges	\$ 827	\$ 361		\$ 2,035	\$	702	
Average Vehicles (in whole units)	 553,545	 496,926		552,460		506,046	
Adjusted depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges divided by Average Vehicles (in whole dollars)	\$ 1,494	\$ 727		\$ 3,684	\$	1,386	
Number of months in period (in whole units)	3	3		12		12	
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month (in whole dollars)	\$ 498	\$ 242	NM	\$ 307	\$	116	NM

Note: Global RAC represents Americas RAC and International RAC segment information on a combined basis and excludes Corporate

- (a) Based on December 31, 2022 foreign exchange rates.
- (b) Calculated as Transaction Days divided by Available Car Days.

# HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. KEY METRICS CALCULATIONS REVENUE, UTILIZATION AND DEPRECIATION Unaudited

### **Americas RAC**

		Three Mo			Percent	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				Percent Inc/(Dec)
(\$ in millions, except where noted)		2023	2022		Inc/(Dec)		2023		2022	
Total RPD										
Revenues	\$	1,805	\$	1,707		\$	7,722	\$	7,280	
Foreign currency adjustment <sup>(a)</sup>		_		_			(3)		(12)	
Total Revenues - adjusted for foreign currency	\$	1,805	\$	1,707		\$	7,719	\$	7,268	
Transaction Days (in thousands)		30,589		27,367			125,215		111,759	
Total RPD (in dollars)	\$	59.01	\$	62.38	(5)%	\$	61.65	\$	65.03	(5)%
Total Revenue Per Unit Per Month										
Total Revenues - adjusted for foreign currency	\$	1,805	\$	1,707		\$	7,719	\$	7,268	
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)		422,155		370,723			422,485		385,234	
Total revenue per unit (in whole dollars)	\$	4,276	\$	4,605		\$	18,271	\$	18,867	
Number of months in period (in whole units)		3		3			12		12	
Total RPU Per Month (in whole dollars)	\$	1,425	\$	1,535	(7)%	\$	1,523	\$	1,572	(3)%
Vehicle Utilization										
Transaction Days (in thousands)		30,589		27,367			125,215		111,759	
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)		422,155		370,723			422,485		385,234	
Number of days in period (in whole units)		92		92			365		365	
Available Car Days (in thousands)		38,839		34,109			154,272		140,647	
Vehicle Utilization <sup>(b)</sup>		79%		80 %			81 %		79 %	
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month										
Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges, net	\$	740	\$	333		\$	1,775	\$	553	
Foreign currency adjustment <sup>(a)</sup>		_		_			1		1	
Adjusted depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges	\$	740	\$	333		\$	1,776	\$	554	
Average Vehicles (in whole units)		446,573		398,860			446,219		411,047	
Adjusted depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges divided by Average Vehicles (in whole dollars)	\$	1,657	\$	834		\$	3,981	\$	1,347	
Number of months in period (in whole units)		3		3			12		12	
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month (in whole dollars)	\$	552	\$	278	99 %	\$	332	\$	112	NM

- (a) Based on December 31, 2022 foreign exchange rates.
- (b) Calculated as Transaction Days divided by Available Car Days.

# HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. KEY METRICS CALCULATIONS REVENUE, UTILIZATION AND DEPRECIATION Unaudited

### International RAC

	Three Months Ended December 31,				Twelve Months Ended December 31,					
(\$ in millions, except where noted)		2023		2022	Percent Inc/(Dec)		2023		2022	Percent Inc/(Dec)
Total RPD										
Revenues	\$	379	\$	328		\$	1,649	\$	1,405	
Foreign currency adjustment <sup>(a)</sup>		_		13			(21)		4	
Total Revenues - adjusted for foreign currency	\$	379	\$	341		\$	1,628	\$	1,409	
Transaction Days (in thousands)		7,013		6,305			28,974		25,101	
Total RPD (in dollars)	\$	54.06	\$	54.02	- %	\$	56.19	\$	56.14	— %
Total Revenue Per Unit Per Month										
Total Revenues - adjusted for foreign currency	\$	379	\$	366		\$	1,628	\$	1,409	
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)		105,112		95,221			104,173		93,564	
Total revenue per unit (in whole dollars)	\$	3,607	\$	3,840		\$	15,627	\$	15,062	
Number of months in period (in whole units)		3		3			12		12	
Total RPU Per Month (in whole dollars)	\$	1,202	\$	1,280	(6)%	\$	1,302	\$	1,255	4 %
Vehicle Utilization										
Transaction Days (in thousands)		7,013		6,305			28,974		25,101	
Average Rentable Vehicles (in whole units)		105,112		95,221			104,173		93,564	
Number of days in period (in whole units)		92		92			365		365	
Available Car Days (in thousands)		9,672		8,777			38,061		34,179	
Vehicle Utilization <sup>(b)</sup>		73%		72%			76%		73%	
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month										
Depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges, net	\$	88	\$	27		\$	264	\$	148	
Foreign currency adjustment <sup>(a)</sup>		(1)		1			(5)		_	
Adjusted depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges	\$	87	\$	28		\$	259	\$	148	
Average Vehicles (in whole units)		106,972		98,065			106,240		94,999	
Adjusted depreciation of revenue earning vehicles and lease charges divided by Average Vehicles (in whole dollars)	\$	812	\$	290		\$	2,434	\$	1,556	
Number of months in period (in whole units)		3		3			12		12	
Depreciation Per Unit Per Month (in whole dollars)	\$	271	\$	97	NM	\$	203	\$	130	56 %

<sup>(</sup>a) Based on December 31, 2022 foreign exchange rates.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated as Transaction Days divided by Available Car Days.

### NON-GAAP MEASURES AND KEY METRICS

The term "GAAP" refers to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Adjusted EBITDA is the Company's segment measure of profitability and complies with GAAP when used in that context.

### NON-GAAP MEASURES

Non-GAAP measures are not recognized measurements under GAAP. When evaluating the Company's operating performance or liquidity, investors should not consider non-GAAP measures in isolation of, superior to, or as a substitute for measures of the Company's financial performance as determined in accordance with GAAP.

### Adjusted Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share ("Adjusted EPS")

Adjusted Net Income (Loss) represents income or loss attributable to the Company as adjusted to eliminate the impact of GAAP income tax; vehicle and non-vehicle debt-related charges; restructuring and restructuring related charges; acquisition accounting-related depreciation and amortization; change in fair value of Public Warrants; unrealized (gains) losses on financial instruments, gain on sale of non-vehicle capital assets and certain other miscellaneous items on a pre-tax basis. Adjusted Net Income (Loss) includes a provision (benefit) for income taxes derived utilizing a combined statutory rate. The combined statutory rate is management's estimate of the Company's long-term tax rate. Its most comparable GAAP measure is net income (loss) attributable to the Company.

Adjusted EPS represents Adjusted Net Income (Loss) on a per diluted share basis using the weighted-average number of diluted shares outstanding for the period. Its most comparable GAAP measure is diluted earnings (loss) per share.

Adjusted Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted EPS are important operating metrics because they allow management and investors to assess operational performance of the Company's business, exclusive of the items mentioned above that are not operational in nature or comparable to those of the Company's competitors.

### Adjusted Corporate EBITDA and Adjusted Corporate EBITDA Margin

Adjusted Corporate EBITDA represents income or loss attributable to the Company as adjusted to eliminate the impact of GAAP income tax; non-vehicle depreciation and amortization; non-vehicle debt interest, net; vehicle debt-related charges; restructuring and restructuring related charges; change in fair value of Public Warrants; unrealized (gains) losses on financial instruments; gain on sale of non-vehicle capital assets and certain other miscellaneous items

Adjusted Corporate EBITDA Margin is calculated as the ratio of Adjusted Corporate EBITDA to total revenues.

Management uses these measures as operating performance metrics for internal monitoring and planning purposes, including the preparation of the Company's annual operating budget and monthly operating reviews, and analysis of investment decisions, profitability and performance trends. These measures enable management and investors to isolate the effects on profitability of operating metrics most meaningful to the business of renting and leasing vehicles. They also allow management and investors to assess the performance of the entire business on the same basis as its reportable segments. Adjusted Corporate EBITDA is also utilized in the determination of certain executive compensation. Its most comparable GAAP measure is net income (loss) attributable to the Company.

### Adjusted operating cash flow and adjusted free cash flow

Adjusted operating cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities net of the non-cash add back for vehicle depreciation and reserves, and exclusive of bankruptcy related payments made post emergence. Adjusted operating cash flow is important to management and investors as it provides useful information about the amount of cash generated from operations when fully burdened by fleet costs.

Adjusted free cash flow represents adjusted operating cash flow plus the impact of net non-vehicle capital expenditures and net fleet growth after financing. Adjusted free cash flow is important to management and investors

as it provides useful information about the amount of cash available for, but not limited to, the reduction of non-vehicle debt, share repurchase and acquisition.

The most comparable GAAP measure for adjusted operating cash flow and adjusted free cash flow is net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.

### Net Fleet Growth After Financing

U.S. and International Rental Car segments Fleet Growth is defined as revenue earning vehicles expenditures, net of proceeds from disposals, plus vehicle depreciation and net vehicle financing, which includes borrowings, repayments and the change in restricted cash associated with vehicles. Fleet Growth is important as it allows the Company to assess the cash flow required to support its investment in revenue earning vehicles.

#### Net Non-vehicle Debt

Net Non-vehicle Debt is calculated as non-vehicle debt as reported on the Company's balance sheet, excluding the impact of unamortized debt issuance costs associated with non-vehicle debt, less cash and cash equivalents. Non-vehicle debt consists of the Company's Senior Term Loan, Senior RCF, Senior Notes, Senior Second Priority Secured Notes, Promissory Notes and certain other non-vehicle indebtedness of its domestic and foreign subsidiaries. Net Non-vehicle Debt is important to management and investors as it helps measure the Company's corporate leverage. Net Non-vehicle Debt also assists in the evaluation of the Company's ability to service its non-vehicle debt without reference to the expense associated with the vehicle debt, which is collateralized by assets not available to lenders under the non-vehicle debt facilities.

### Net Vehicle Debt

Net Vehicle Debt is calculated as vehicle debt as reported on the Company's balance sheet, excluding the impact of unamortized debt issue costs associated with vehicle debt, less restricted cash associated with vehicle debt is restricted for the purchase of revenue earning vehicles and other specified uses under the Company's vehicle debt facilities. Net Vehicle Debt is important to management, investors and ratings agencies as it helps measure the Company's leverage with respect to its vehicle assets.

### **Total Net Debt**

Total Net Debt is calculated as total debt, excluding the impact of unamortized debt issuance costs, less total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash associated with vehicle debt. Unamortized debt issuance costs are required to be reported as a deduction from the carrying amount of the related debt obligation under GAAP. Management believes that eliminating the effects that these costs have on debt will more accurately reflect the Company's net debt position. Total Net Debt is important to management, investors and ratings agencies as it helps measure the Company's gross leverage.

### Net Corporate Leverage

Net Corporate Leverage is calculated as non-vehicle net debt divided by Adjusted Corporate EBITDA for the last twelve months. Net Corporate Leverage is important to management and investors as it measures the Company's corporate leverage net of unrestricted cash. Net Corporate Leverage also assists in the evaluation of the Company's ability to service its non-vehicle debt with reference to the generation of Adjusted Corporate EBITDA.

### **KEY METRICS**

### Available Rental Car Davs

Available Rental Car Days represents Average Rentable Vehicles multiplied by the number of days in a given period.

### Average Vehicles ("Fleet Capacity" or "Capacity")

Average Vehicles is determined using a simple average of the number of vehicles in the fleet whether owned or leased by the Company at the beginning and end of a given period.

### Average Rentable Vehicles

Average Rentable Vehicles reflects Average Vehicles excluding vehicles for sale on the Company's retail lots or actively in the process of being sold through other disposition channels.

### Depreciation Per Unit Per Month ("Depreciation Per Unit" or "DPU")

Depreciation Per Unit Per Month represents the amount of average depreciation expense and lease charges per vehicle per month, exclusive of the impacts of foreign currency exchange rates so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends. This metric is important to management and investors as it reflects how effectively the Company is managing the costs of its vehicles and facilitates comparisons with other participants in the vehicle rental industry.

### Total Revenue Per Transaction Day ("Total RPD" or "RPD"; also referred to as "pricing")

Total RPD represents revenue generated per transaction day, excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange rates so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends. This metric is important to management and investors as it represents a measure of changes in the underlying pricing in the vehicle rental business and encompasses the elements in vehicle rental pricing that management has the ability to control.

### Total Revenue Per Unit Per Month ("Total RPU", "RPU" or "Total RPU Per Month")

Total RPU Per Month represents the amount of revenue generated per vehicle in the rental fleet each month, excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange rates so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends. This metric is important to management and investors as it provides a measure of revenue productivity relative to the number of vehicles in our rental fleet whether owned or leased, or asset efficiency.

### Transaction Days ("Days"; also referred to as "volume")

Transaction Days represents the total number of 24-hour periods, with any partial period counted as one Transaction Day, that vehicles were on rent (the period between when a rental contract is opened and closed) in a given period. Thus, it is possible for a vehicle to attain more than one Transaction Day in a 24-hour period. This metric is important to management and investors as it represents the number of revenue-generating days.

### Vehicle Utilization ("Utilization")

Vehicle Utilization represents the ratio of Transaction Days to Available Rental Car Days. This metric is important to management and investors as it is the measurement of the proportion of vehicles that are being used to generate revenues relative to rentable fleet capacity.